

# **Novel Microfluidics Platform that can Distinguish Various Microbes**

#### **Background:**

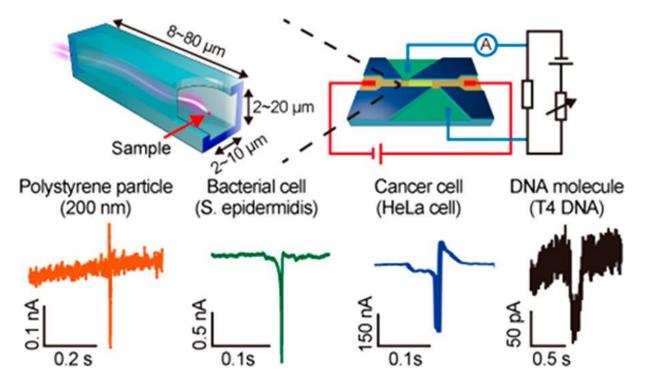
Measurement of lonic current sensing via microfluidic channel is a powerful tool to detect various biomolecules such as cells, bacteria, and viruses. However, there is an inherent limitation to the detectable particle volume, 1% of the microfluidic channel volume, which critically hinders applications to realistic samples mixed with various microbes.

#### **Technology Overview:**

Nagoya University researchers have successfully developed a new system to distinguish various biomolecules including polystyrene nanoparticles (volume: 4 aL), bacteria, cancer cells, and DNA molecules from mixed samples by utilizing a long microscale microfluidic channel structure. Furthermore, the new system can differentiate drug-resistant bacteria by measuring a transient current in a microfluidic bridge circuit. The method substantially suppresses the background ionic current from the  $\mu$ A level to the pA level, which essentially lowers the detectable particle volume limit and enables to detect various types of microbes. Therefore, the new method potentially expands applications to a medical device including to identify influenzas virus types, which have been difficult to measure by previous microfluidic technologies with one device.

#### Figure:

Detection of nanoparticles, bacteria, cancer cells, and DNA molecules in the microfluidic bridge circuit.



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### **Further Details**

HirotoshiYasaki et al., A real-time simultaneous measurement on a microfluidic device for individual bacteria discrimination. Sensors and Actuators B: Chemical Volume 260, 1 May 2018, Pages 746-752

Hirotoshi Yasaki et *al.*, Effect of channel geometry on ionic current signal of a bridge circuit based microfluidic channel. Chemistry Letters  $47(3) \cdot January 2018$ 

Hirotoshi Yasaki et *al.*, Substantial Expansion of Detectable Size Range in Ionic Current Sensing through Pores by Using a Microfluidic Bridge Circuit. J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2017, 139 (40), pp 14137–14142

**IP Status:** Patent application submitted

Seeking: Licensing

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